



## Safeguarding Policies

### Adult Protection and Safeguarding

Care Connect IoW CIC is committed to ensuring the safety and welfare of all its service users. As such we need to be mindful of the fact that issues surrounding the wellbeing of vulnerable adults may come to light or be disclosed whilst they are in our care.

In line with regulations from the Department of Health, we believe that safeguarding is everybody's business, with our Company playing a part in preventing, detecting and reporting neglect and abuse. Measures need to be in place within this organisation to protect those least able to protect themselves. Safeguards against poor practice, harm and abuse need to be an integral part of our Company. We follow these principles in order to support this aim:

Empowerment – presumption of person led decisions and informed consent

Protection – Support and representation for those in greatest need

Prevention – It is better to take action before harm occurs

Proportionality – Proportionate and least intrusive response appropriate to the risk presented

Partnership – Local solutions through services working with each other and their communities.

Accountability – Accountability and transparency in delivering safeguarding

When an adult protection concern has arisen, this needs to be dealt with in a manner that follows the procedures below. However should you work alongside the Care Management team at Social Services you should check their Adult Protection Protocol and be guided by them.

### Procedure for disclosures

1. If a service user discloses anything that concerns you, then no matter how small it may be, this disclosure must be reported to management. As soon after the disclosure as possible, all details must be written on a Concern Form. The Director can then make the decision as to how this will be handled
2. If a service user has disclosed abuse then it is vitally important that you reassure them. If you think it will comfort them then explain the process for dealing with the issue raised. All details must be written on a Concern Form. The Director can then make the decision as to how this will be handled
3. Any disclosure must be reported to the Director through the Concern Forms as soon as possible. If you are out of the office when this happens then you must ring the Director as soon as possible in order to be guided by them
4. Do not ask the service user leading questions as this may contaminate any potential evidence
5. The disclosure may be of a physical or sexual assault. If this is the case do not clean the environment in which the alleged assault took place. Ensure that the service user does not wash or change as this could contaminate any potential evidence
6. If the allegation is made against a member of staff then the Director should lead the procedure for the Company, or if this is inappropriate then the LADO should be contacted immediately
7. Next Steps: Once the Director has been made aware of any safeguarding concern, they will make a telephone referral to the Isle of Wight Social Care Department who will take details of the incident and the service user. The service user's personal details recorded on their Support Plan will be a vital reference during this call. If the incident involved an assault then you may need to contact the police to involve them as possible – seek guidance regarding this from the Isle of Wight Council
8. Their investigating officer will follow their procedures and will contact the home of the service user as well as the Company. They will take the details of the incident again and may ask to visit the client
9. In the case of a high-level incident, the police may take the lead of the investigation

10. It is the responsibility of the Company to co-operate with the investigation and also to take detailed reports of the incidents from all those involved. The reports can be notes on what the service user said (verbatim) during the disclosure. If staff are involved then you will need to take reports from them as well
11. If a disclosure involves a member of staff then this report should be passed to the Director who will follow the correct disciplinary procedures. This may lead to a member of staff being placed on paid leave during the course of the investigation
12. Social Services and/or the police will carry out their procedures and report their conclusions back to the Company
13. Strategies may be adopted to ensure the safety of the service user and avoid any potential reoccurrence of the incident. This will be done by Social Services and the Company may be involved in this planning. It is important to receive minutes of this meeting that include guidelines for the client's files.
14. On concluding the investigation a full report will need to be included on the service user's file. This report may also need to be sent through to the Commission for Social Care Inspection

Procedures for safeguarding Service Users during their time in our care

1. It is important that service users can feel safe and protected while they are with us, and that their parents/carers can be confident of this
2. Ensure that you have read the Support Plan and Personal Risk Assessment of every service user that you come into contact with. This is the only way that you can ensure that you can keep yourself and the clients in your care safe to the best of your ability. Anyone unaware of information held in the individual service user files could face disciplinary procedures
3. Individual Risk Assessments and Personal Details Records are updated regularly. It is the employees responsibility to ensure that they keep themselves up to date with any new information pertaining to service users
4. If anything happens which gives you any cause for concern then this must be noted on a Concern Form and passed to the Director at the earliest opportunity

Care Connect IoW CIC take issues surrounding the safeguarding of vulnerable persons extremely seriously. This policy is directed by guidelines set out by the local authority for Hampshire and the Isle of Wight

Safeguarding Adults Multi-Agency Policy, Procedure and Guidance: Southampton, Hampshire, Isle of Wight and Portsmouth (July 2013)

Telephone Numbers:

IW Council: 01983 821 000

## Child Protection and Safeguarding

Care Connect IoW CIC is committed to ensuring the safety and welfare of all its service users. As such we need to be mindful of the fact that issues surrounding the wellbeing of vulnerable children may come to light or be disclosed whilst they are in our care.

We follow regulations from HM Government outlined in “Working Together to Safeguard Children”. Significant points raised in this document are:

Safeguarding children is the action we take to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm – it is everyone’s responsibility. Everyone who comes into contact with children and families has a role to play. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined for the purposes of this guidance as:

- Protecting children from maltreatment;
- Preventing impairment of children’s health or development;
- Ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
- Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes

For children who need additional help, every day matters. Academic research is consistent in underlining the damage to children from delaying intervention. The actions taken by professionals to meet the needs of these children as early as possible can be critical to their future

Effective safeguarding systems are those where:

- The child’s needs are paramount, and the needs and wishes of each child, be they baby or infant, or an older child, should be put first, so that every child receives the support they need before a problem escalates;
- All professionals who come into contact with children and families are alert to their needs and any risks of harm that individual abusers, or potential abusers, may pose to children;
- All professionals share appropriate information in a timely way and can discuss any concerns about an individual child with colleagues and local authority children’s social care;
- High quality professionals are able to use their expert judgement to put the child’s needs at the heart of the safeguarding system so that the right solution can be found for each individual child;
- All professionals contribute to whatever actions are needed to safeguard and promote a child’s welfare and take part in regularly reviewing the outcomes for the child against specific plans and outcomes;
- When things go wrong Serious Case Reviews (SCRs) are published and are transparent about any mistakes which were made so that lessons can be learnt

Ultimately, effective safeguarding of children can only be achieved by putting children at the centre of the system, and by every individual and agency playing their full part, working together to meet the needs of our most vulnerable children.

Children have said that they need

- Vigilance: to have adults notice when things are troubling them
- Understanding and action: to understand what is happening; to be heard and understood; and to have that understanding acted upon
- Stability: to be able to develop an on-going stable relationship of trust with those helping them
- Respect: to be treated with the expectation that they are competent rather than not
- Information and engagement: to be informed about and involved in procedures, decisions, concerns and plans
- Explanations: to be informed of the outcome of assessments and decisions and reasons when their views have not met with a positive response
- Support: to be provided with support in their own right as well as a member of their family
- Advocacy: to be provided with advocacy to assist them in putting forward their views

No single professional can have a full picture of a child’s needs and circumstances, and if children and families are to receive the right help at the right time, everyone who comes into contact with them has a role to play in identifying concerns, sharing information and taking prompt action. In order that organisations and practitioners collaborate effectively, it is vital that every individual working with children and families is aware of the role they should play and the role of other professionals.

Children want to be respected, their views to be heard, to have stable relationships with professionals built on trust and for consistent support provided for their individual needs. This should guide the behaviour of professionals. Anyone working with children should see and speak to the child; listen to what they say; take their views seriously; and work with them collaboratively when deciding how to support their needs. A child-centred approach is supported by:

- the Children Act 1989 (as amended by section 53 of the Children Act 2004). This Act requires local authorities to give due regard to a child's wishes when determining what services to provide under section 17 of the Children Act 1989, and before making decisions about action to be taken to protect individual children under section 47 of the Children Act 1989. These duties complement requirements relating to the wishes and feelings of children who are, or may be, looked after (section 22(4) Children Act 1989), including those who are provided with accommodation under section 20 of the Children Act 1989 and children taken into police protection (section 46(3)(d) of that Act);
- the Equality Act 2010 which puts a responsibility on public authorities to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination and promote equality of opportunity. This applies to the process of identification of need and risk faced by the individual child and the process of assessment. No child or group of children must be treated any less favourably than others in being able to access effective services which meet their individual needs; and
- the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). This is an international agreement that protects the rights of children and provides a child-centred framework for the development of services to children. The UK Government ratified the UNCRC in 1991 and, by doing so, recognises children's rights to expression and receiving information.

All members of Care Connect IoW CIC should ensure that they understand the importance of safeguarding children in our care, and realise that it is imperative that children feel safe with us at all times.

#### Procedures for safeguarding Service Users during their time in our care

1. It is important that clients can feel safe and protected while they are with us, and that their parents/carers can be confident of this
2. Ensure that you have read the Support Plan and Personal Risk Assessment of every service user that you come into contact with. This is the only way that you can ensure that you are able to keep yourself and the service users in your care safe to the best of your ability. Anyone unaware of information held in the individual service user files could face disciplinary procedures
3. Individual Risk Assessments and Personal Details Records are updated regularly. It is the employees responsibility to ensure that they keep themselves up to date with any new information pertaining to service users
4. If anything happens which gives you any cause for concern then this must be noted on a Concern Form and passed to the Director at the earliest opportunity

Care Connect IoW CIC take issues surrounding the safeguarding of children extremely seriously. This policy is directed by guidelines set out by the local authority for Hampshire and the Isle of Wight

Isle of Wight Safeguarding Children Board & Children's Trust Thresholds Chart (April 2014)

#### Telephone Numbers:

IW Council: 01983 821 000  
Hants Direct: 0300 300 0901  
LADO: 01983 823 723